CABLE LUGS & FERRULES

Overview
Cable lugs and ferrules are connecting devices used primarily for terminating and joining cable and wire conductors in electrical installations and equipment.

In general, lugs and ferrules are fixed to the cables and wires by inserting the conductor/s into the "barrel" (tube) of the device and then "crimping" (squeezing) the "barrel" onto the conductor/s to form a secure mechanical and electrical joint.

The devices are manufactured in a number of different designs and made from high conductivity copper (tin plated) or aluminium to suit various cable and wire types and specific installation requirements.

Careful consideration must be given to selecting the right product for an application and the following information will assist in making the correct choice.

Options
The main options available are:

- Standard duty copper lugs and ferrules for use with copper cables and wires in general industrial, commercial and domestic applications.
- Heavy duty copper lugs and ferrules for use with copper cables and wires in specialised applications such as medium and high voltage electrical reticulation systems.
- Aluminium lugs and ferrules for use with aluminium cables in electrical reticulation systems.
- Copper and Aluminium shear lugs for applications where crimping equipment cannot be used.
- Bi-metal lugs for mating copper and aluminium conductors to prevent dissimilar metal corrosion.

Applications
The main areas of application include:

- The termination of cables and wires in electrical reticulation systems and equipment.
- The joining of cables and wires in electrical reticulation systems and equipment.

Selection criteria
When choosing a cable lug or ferrule for an application the following criteria must be considered:

- Metal type of the conductor i.e. copper or aluminium.
- Cross-sectional area of the conductor/s to be terminated or joined.
- Form of the conductor i.e. solid, stranded, compacted or multi-stranded (trailing/welding cable).
- The size of the securing bolt or stud.
- Product range available, quality and performance approvals. Always select a supplier with the following approvals:
  - SABS NETFA approval in accordance with test specification SABS IEC 61238-1:1993 “Compression & mechanical connectors for power cables with copper or aluminium conductors”.
  - SABS Electrical Regulatory Body (RCC) approval.

Features and benefits
Copper cable lugs and ferrules are:

- Manufactured from high conductivity copper which is tin plated to prevent corrosion.
- Suitable for use in a variety of applications, with various copper cable and wire types, provided the correct size is selected and the relevant “crimping” methods are used. (See selector chart).
- Available for conductors from 1.5mm² to 630mm² with a wide range of mounting hole sizes per lug size.
- Easy to use in conjunction with mechanical or hydraulic crimping equipment.

DO's and DONT'S
- Take care to assess the application and installation requirements prior to specifying a cable lug or ferrule.
- Ensure that the lug size selected accurately matches the cross-sectional area of the cable or wire's conductor/s.
- Use a purpose designed crimping tool to ensure the integrity of the joint between the cable lug or ferrule and the conductor/s.
- Use the correct crimping method for the specific wire type i.e. hexagonal for solid, stranded and compacted conductors and indent for multi-stranded cables & wires.
- Never use pliers, side-cutters or a hammer to substitute for a crimping tool. This will almost certainly lead to a “hot connection” (high resistance joint), which in turn could result in a fire.
- Never cut conductor strands off a cable or wire in order to fit a smaller lug or ferrule.
- Never use lugs and ferrules which are not certified by the SABS's Electrical Regulatory Board.
HEATSHRINK TUBING

Overview
Heatshrink, also referred to as heatshrink sleeving, is a polymeric (plastic) tubing which has been modified chemically (or by electron beam or gamma) and then expanded to 2, 3 or 4 times its original extruded diameter. When heated air, at a certain temperature, is applied to the tubing it “shrinks” to its original diameter. Heatshrink was initially designed as an alternative to insulation tape for the purpose of insulating exposed electrical wire and cable joints in electrical/electronic installations, equipment and appliances. It is now used in many applications requiring an insulating or mechanical protective medium that can be shrunk onto irregular shaped surfaces.

The tubing is available in a range of compounds, wall thicknesses and colours to suit a wide range of applications. Products are also available with a mastic (adhesive) lining for applications where the ingress of moisture or dust must be prevented.

Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Shrink Ratio</th>
<th>Size Range ID in mm</th>
<th>Colours</th>
<th>Applications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thin wall</td>
<td>2:1</td>
<td>1.2 to 100</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>Insulation and identification of busbars, cable cores, joints &amp; terminations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual wall</td>
<td>3:1</td>
<td>1.2 to 25</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>Wiring/cable joints which need to be water and dust tight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automotive dual wall</td>
<td>4:1</td>
<td>0.8 to 25</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>Splicing sleeves for automotive harnesses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium wall</td>
<td>3:1</td>
<td>3 to 160</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>Electrical jointing kits &amp; terminations. Cable strain relief</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wrap around sleeve</td>
<td>3:1</td>
<td>12 to 160</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>Repair of damaged cables and low pressure pipes where access to ends is not possible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSC sleeving</td>
<td>2:1</td>
<td>1.2 to 76</td>
<td>Clear</td>
<td>Protection over cable/wire identification labels or sensitive connections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSCA sleeving</td>
<td>2:1</td>
<td>2.4 to 50</td>
<td>Clear</td>
<td>Clear sleeving with adhesive lining</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H sleeving</td>
<td>1.5:1</td>
<td>4.5 to 15</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>Abrasion/impact protection for hydraulic pipes in automotive applications</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Standard colours are red, white, blue, black, yellow and green/yellow stripe. Other colours are available on special request.

Heatshrink is available in continuous lengths or in specific cut lengths to suit the application requirements.

Selection Criteria
The following criteria must be considered prior to specifying a heatshrink product for an application:

- Diameter and length of the item to be insulated or protected.
- Does the application require electrical or mechanical protection.
- Environmental conditions such as UV, moisture, solvents, dust, etc.

Features
- Heatshrink can be formulated to be flame retardant.
- Black heatshrink is inherently UV resistant but use in direct sunlight must be considered when specifying product type.
- Mastic (Adhesive) lining is available where protection from the environment is required.
- High shrink ratios provide flexibility for retrofit applications and reduce the need to carry a range of sizes.
- Heatshrink can be formulated to be SOC (substances of concern) free. This is a requirement of the automotive industry where Mercury, Lead, Chromium IV and Cadmium are not accepted due to environmental restrictions.
- Medium wall products can be used to provide mechanical stress relief between connectors and cables or hoses.
- Heatshrink can be supplied for different operating temperature ranges. Typically this is -30 to 135 degrees C, with specialised products that can operate continuously in temperatures of up to 180 degrees C.

Do's and Don'ts
- Ensure that the item to be protected is free of burrs and sharp edges. These can score/cut the inside of the tubing resulting in splitting when shrinking.
- Item to be protected must be free of oil and grease.
- When ordering a product select a diameter that will allow the tubing to shrink by at least 30%. This will ensure good mechanical and electrical performance.
- Select tubing that is UV stable for applications where the tubing will be exposed to direct sunlight.
- Check the ambient operating temperature where the tubing will be installed and select a product that is temperature rated accordingly.
- Select a product that will shrink at a temperature that will not damage the item to be protected.
- Always use a purpose designed heatshrink gun for optimal shrinking of the tubing. Do not use an open flame e.g. blow torch, as this will invariably damage the tubing surface which in turn will adversely affect its mechanical and electrical protection characteristics.

Options not covered in this write-up
- Heat shrinkable moulded shapes.
- End caps & breakout boots for power cables.
- Specialised military heatshrink.